

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#1262

ABBREVIATIONS: NA=NOT APPLICABLE
ND=NOT DETERMINED
NE=NOT ESTABLISHED

HEALTH= 1
FLAMMABILITY= 1
REACTIVITY= 0
PERSONAL PROTECTION= +
+ SEE SECTION VII

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: D2A, D2B

SECTION I PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND USE

MATERIAL NAME/IDENTIFIER: IKO AquaBarrier Primer II (Part A & B)

MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER: IKO Industries Ltd.

87 Orenda Road

Brampton, Ontario

L6W 1V7

PHONE: (905) 457-2880 - EXT. 3354

EMERGENCY: 1-613-996-6666 CANUTEC (24 hr. emergency information only)

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture

CHEMICAL FORMULA/MOLECULAR WT: NA

TRADE NAME AND SYNONYMS: NA

MATERIAL USE: Adhesive for Roofing Membranes.

P.I.N.: Not Regulated

SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Note: As there are no Hazardous Ingredients present in the formulation for Part A; all items listed below are in Part B

CHEMICAL NAME	OSHA-TWA	ACGIH-TTWA	LD50/LC50	%WT/WT
Asphalt	ND	0.50 mg/M3	ND	25-30%
CAS # 8052-42-4				
CARCINOGEN: ND				
DiphenylMethane Diisocyanate	NA	NA	>15000mg/kg (oral Rat)	25-30%
CAS# 9016-87-9				
CARCINOGEN: ND				

SECTION III PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE, PHYSICAL STATE AND ODOR: Part A-Yellow to Light Brown Liquid
Part B- Dark Brown to Black viscous liquid

ODOR THRESHOLD (PPM): ND

SPECIFIC GRAVITY/DENSITY (G/ML): 0.99-1.01

VAPOR PRESSURE (MM): ND

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): ND

EVAPORATION RATE (BUAC=1): NA

BOILING POINT: NA

MELTING/FREEZING POINT: NA

PH: NA

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION: ND

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible

% VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: < 1%

SECTION IV FIRE OR EXPLOSION DATA

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FLASH POINT: 140C
AUTO IGNITION TEMPERATURE: ND
SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT: NA
EXPLOSIVE POWER:
UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT: NA
LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT: NA
RATE OF BURNING: ND

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, or water fog/spray

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Firefighters should self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Cool containers exposed to fire with water as heat may cause a pressure buildup.

FLAMMABILITY: NA
UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS: NA

SECTION V REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY - Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Exposure to moisture and other materials that may react with Isocyanates.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION/COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Nitrogen, Dense Black Smoke, Hydrogen Cyanide.
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): Water, Amines, Strong Bases, alcohols.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: (**Part B only**) May occur with Temperatures > 177°C and other materials known to react with Isocyanates

SECTION VI TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:
Eyes: May cause irritation.
Inhalation: May cause headaches, irritation, nausea, drowsiness, stupor, coughing spell, and allergic respiratory sensitization. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Should seek a physician if exposure is severe
Skin: May cause irritation, sensitization and Dermatitis.
Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE, CHRONIC: (**Part A only**) Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in Dermatitis. Other ingredients have not been proven to cause chronic conditions in humans. There have been varying results in lab animals.

Part B- ND

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE, ACUTE: Irritation, sensitization, headaches, nausea, drowsiness, coughing and gastrointestinal irritation. **Part A-** May aggravate preexisting eye, skin and respiratory disorders.

CARCINOGENICITY: None	LC50 OF PRODUCT: ND
LD50 OF PRODUCT: ND	SENSITIZER: Yes
IRRITANT: Yes	TERATOGENIC: ND
SYNERGISTIC MATERIALS: ND	MUTAGENIC: ND
REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: None	

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: D2A, D2B

WARNING: This product may contain oxidized bitumens. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (the "IARC") published a monograph in 2013 which concluded that "occupational exposure to oxidized bitumens and

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their emissions during roofing operations are probably carcinogenic to humans.” The IARC found that there is “limited evidence” in humans for the carcinogenicity of occupational exposures to bitumens and bitumen emissions during roofing and mastic-asphalt work. The IARC also found that there is “sufficient evidence” in experimental animals for carcinogenicity of fume condensates generated from oxidized bitumen. All other evidence of cancer in humans and experimental animals was judged “inadequate” or “limited.” The physical nature of this product may help limit any inhalation hazard from oxidized asphalt during application in its hardened state. However, physical forces such as grinding, drilling and other demolition work on this product may liberate dust containing oxidized asphalt. Burning or heating of the product may cause fumes, vapors or mists.

SECTION VII PREVENTIVE MEASURES, SAFE HANDLING AND USE, REGULATORY INFORMATION

LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURES:

Dike spill area. Absorb spills with sand or other suitable absorbent. Transfer to appropriate container for disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Dispose of according to Local regulations.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Store under normal ware house conditions. Prevent inhalation of vapours, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. Keep containers closed when not in use. Clean hands thoroughly after use.

OTHER:

Keep out of the reach of children! Store in tightly sealed containers to avoid moisture contamination.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Wear a appropriate NIOSH approved respirator for Isocyanates

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: YES

EYE PROTECTION: YES

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Face shield is recommended.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Remove contaminated clothing, launder before reuse.

RCRA HAZARDOUS WASTE NO: None

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Adhesive

DOT HAZARD CLASS: Not regulated

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC): <10gms/L

TDG CLASSIFICATION: Not regulated

SECTION VIII FIRST AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Skin: Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If an irritation, rash or other disorders develop, seek medical attention immediately.

Eyes: Flush immediately with running water for 15 min. lifting the upper and lower lids occasionally.

Ingestion: Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Leave area to breathe fresh air. Should be observed by physician if exposure is severe.

SECTION IX PREPARATION INFORMATION

Prepared/Reviewed by: HSE Department

Date: August 3, 2015

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with the Company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.